

For Immediate Release: June 16, 2023 For More Information, Contact: David Rhoades/919.814.4611

### North Carolina's May Employment Figures Released

**RALEIGH** — The state's seasonally adjusted May 2023 unemployment rate was 3.4 percent, remaining unchanged from April's revised rate. The national rate increased 0.3 of a percentage point to 3.7 percent.

North Carolina's unemployment rate was unchanged from a year ago. The number of people employed increased 20,351 over the month to 5,033,140 and increased 42,690 over the year. The number of people unemployed decreased 3,076 over the month to 175,754 and decreased 1,737 over the year.

Seasonally adjusted Total Nonfarm employment, as gathered through the monthly establishment survey, increased 6,400 to 4,901,500 in May. Major industries experiencing increases were Leisure & Hospitality Services, 4,300; Professional & Business Services, 3,200; Trade, Transportation & Utilities, 2,500; Education & Health Services, 1,200; Government, 700; Information, 200; and Manufacturing, 200. Major industries experiencing decreases were Construction, 2,400; Other Services, 2,200; and Financial Activities, 1,300. Mining & Logging employment remained unchanged.

#### **Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates since May 2022**

	_												May 2023
N.C.	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4
U.S.	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.7

Please note: 2022 numbers have undergone annual revision

Since May 2022, Total Nonfarm jobs increased 115,000 with the Total Private sector increasing by 109,700 and Government increasing by 5,300. Major industries experiencing increases were Leisure & Hospitality Services, 30,100; Education & Health Services, 27,100; Professional & Business Services, 20,000; Trade, Transportation & Utilities, 12,000; Other Services, 6,000; Government, 5,300; Construction, 4,300; Manufacturing, 3,800; Financial Activities, 3,400; and Information, 3,100. The only major industry experiencing a decrease over the year was Mining & Logging, 100.

The next unemployment update is scheduled for Wednesday, June 28, 2023 when the county unemployment rates for May 2023 will be released.

These data can be accessed on the Commerce website at https://d4.nccommerce.com/

# North Carolina Department of Commerce Labor and Economic Analysis Division

### NORTH CAROLINA and U.S. LABOR FORCE DATA

North Carolina data is embargoed until 10:00 A.M. Friday, June 16, 2023

				Month		Year Ago	
	May 2023	April 2023	May 2022	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Numeric Change	Percent Change
North Carolina	111 ay 2025	11pm 2020	1114 1011	C11412.6	GIIIII G	- C11112-6 C	322425
(Local Area Unemployment S	tatistics)						
Smoothed Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	5,208,894	5,191,619	5,167,941	17,275	0.3	40,953	0.8
Employed	5,033,140	5,012,789	4,990,450	20,351	0.4	42,690	0.9
Unemployed	175,754	178,830	177,491	-3,076	-1.7	-1,737	-1.0
Unemployment Rate	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	xxx	0.0	xxx
Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	5,249,919	5,214,964	5,178,101	34,955	0.7	71,818	1.4
Employed	5,070,115	5,051,687	4,993,622	18,428	0.4	76,493	1.5
Unemployed	179,804	163,277	184,479	16,527	10.1	-4,675	-2.5
Unemployment Rate	3.4	3.1	3.6	0.3	xxx	-0.2	XXX
United States							
(Current Population Survey)							
Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	166,818,000	166,688,000	164,278,000	130,000	0.1	xxx	xxx
Employed	160,721,000	161,031,000	158,299,000	-310,000	-0.2	xxx	xxx
Unemployed	6,097,000	5,657,000	5,979,000	440,000	7.8	xxx	XXX
Unemployment Rate	3.7	3.4	3.6	0.3	xxx	xxx	xxx
Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	166,702,000	166,221,000	164,157,000	481,000	0.3	xxx	XXX
Employed	161,002,000	161,075,000	158,609,000	-73,000	> -0.1	xxx	xxx
Unemployed	5,700,000	5,146,000	5,548,000	554,000	10.8	xxx	XXX
Unemployment Rate	3.4	3.1	3.4	0.3	xxx	xxx	xxx

Effective January 2023, updated US population estimates are used in the national labor force estimates. The annual population adjustments affect the comparability of national labor force estimates over time.

## North Carolina Department of Commerce Labor and Economic Analysis Division NORTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT DATA

North Carolina data is embargoed until 10:00 A.M. Friday, June 16, 2023

				Month	Ago	Year Ago	
	15 0000	4 11 0000	15 0000	Numeric	Percent	Numeric	Percent
North Constitut	May 2023	April 2023	May 2022	Change	Change	Change	Change
North Carolina (Current Employment Stati.	sties)						
, , ,		1	l				Г
Seasonally Adjusted	4 004 500	4 005 400	4 700 500	0.400	0.4	445.000	
Total Nonfarm	4,901,500			6,400	0.1	115,000	
Total Private	4,177,700			5,700		109,700	
Mining & Logging	5,500			0	0.0	-100	
Construction	250,500			-2,400	-0.9	4,300	
Manufacturing	477,400				< 0.1	3,800	
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	930,600			2,500	0.3	12,000	1.3
Information	84,200	84,000	81,100	200	0.2	3,100	3.8
Financial Activities	295,400	296,700	292,000	-1,300	-0.4	3,400	1.3
Professional & Business Services	754,400	751,200	734,400	3,200	0.4	20,000	2.
Education & Health Services	677,000	675,800	649,900	1,200	0.2	27,100	4.:
Leisure & Hospitality Services	529,300	525,000	499,200	4,300	0.8	30,100	6.
Other Services	173,400	175,600	167,400	-2,200	-1.3	6,000	3.0
Government	723,800	723,100	718,500	700	0.1	5,300	0.
North Carolina							
(Current Employment Stati	stics)	1					ı
Not Seasonally Adjusted	4 004 000	4 007 000	4 040 000	24.000	0.5	400.000	
Total Nonfarm	4,921,800			24,000	0.5		
Total Private	4,172,900			20,100	0.5	100,500	
Mining & Logging	5,500			0	0.0	-100	
Construction	250,800				-0.4	3,400	
Manufacturing	475,600			1,100	0.2	3,100	0.
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	924,900			5,800	0.6	12,900	1.4
Information	84,200			0	0.0	2,600	3.:
Financial Activities	294,300	295,100	291,700	-800	-0.3	2,600	0.9
Professional & Business Services	748,600	750,200	733,100	-1,600	-0.2	15,500	2.
Education & Health Services	678,100	677,700	651,000	400	0.1	27,100	4.:
Leisure & Hospitality Services	536,800	520,100	509,400	16,700	3.2	27,400	5.4
Other Services	174,100	174,700	168,100	-600	-0.3	6,000	3.0

<sup>2022</sup> estimates have undergone annual revision.

#### **Accessing Data**

The data presented in this press release, as well as historical data, can be accessed from NC Commerce's Demand Driven Data Delivery ("D4") system:

https://d4.nccommerce.com/LausSelection.aspx https://d4.nccommerce.com/CesSelection.aspx

#### **Technical Notes**

This release presents labor force and unemployment estimates from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. Also presented are nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

#### Labor force and unemployment--from the LAUS program

Definitions. The labor force and unemployment estimates are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Employed persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as bad weather, labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. Unemployed persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on lay-off expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Method of estimation. Statewide estimates are produced using an estimation algorithm administered by the BLS. This method, which underwent substantial enhancement at the beginning of 2021, utilizes data from several sources, including the CPS, the CES, and state unemployment insurance (UI) programs. Each month, census division estimates are controlled to national totals, and state estimates are then controlled to their respective division totals. Substate estimates are controlled to their respective state totals. For more information about LAUS estimation procedures, see the BLS website at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/lau/calculation.htm">https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/lau/calculation.htm</a>

Revisions. Labor force and unemployment data for the previous month reflect adjustments made in each subsequent month, while data for prior years reflect adjustments made at the end of each year. The monthly revisions incorporate updated model inputs, while the annually revised estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. In most years, historical data for the most recent five years (both seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted) are revised near the beginning of each calendar year, prior to the release of January estimates.

Seasonal adjustment. The LAUS program seasonally adjusts statewide estimates using an X-11 type of seasonal adjustment filter. These estimates are then smoothed using a filtering procedure to remove irregular fluctuations from the seasonally-adjusted series. For more information about seasonal adjustment and smoothing procedures, see the BLS website at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lauseas.htm">https://www.bls.gov/lau/lauseas.htm</a>.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations that were issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm">www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm</a>.

#### Employment--from the CES program

<u>Definitions.</u> Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previousmonth weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

For some employment series, relatively small sample sizes limit the reliability of the weighted link-relative estimates. In these cases, BLS uses the CES small domain model (SDM) to generate employment estimates. The SDM combines the direct sample estimates (described above) and forecasts of historical (benchmarked) data to decrease the volatility of the estimates. For more detailed information about the CES small domain model, refer to the BLS Handbook of Methods.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf">www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf</a>.

Seasonal adjustment. Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted at the statewide supersector level. In some cases, the seasonally adjusted payroll employment total is computed by aggregating the independently adjusted supersector series. In other cases, the seasonally adjusted payroll employment total is independently adjusted. Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted concurrently, using all available estimates, including those for the current month, to develop sample-based seasonal factors. Concurrent sample-based factors are created every month for the current month's preliminary estimate as well as the previous month's final estimate.

#### Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used.

Model-based error measures for seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted data and for over-the-month and over-the-year changes to LAUS estimates are available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm">www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm</a>.

Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the total nonfarm and supersector levels are available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm">www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm</a>.

#### **Release Dates**

The next unemployment update is scheduled for Wednesday, June 28, 2023 when the county unemployment rates for May 2023 will be released.

The complete data release schedule for 2023 can be accessed here:

https://www.commerce.nc.gov/documents/release-dates-unemployment-rates