

For Immediate Release: June 17, 2022 For More Information, Contact: David Rhoades/919.814.4611

### North Carolina's May Employment Figures Released

**RALEIGH** — The state's seasonally adjusted May 2022 unemployment rate was 3.4 percent, remaining unchanged from April's revised rate. The national rate remained unchanged at 3.6 percent.

North Carolina's unemployment rate decreased 1.6 percentage points from a year ago. The number of people employed increased 33,419 over the month to 4,916,580 and increased 218,327 over the year. The number of people unemployed decreased 2,361 over the month to 170,970 and decreased 76,321 over the year.

Seasonally adjusted Total Nonfarm employment, as gathered through the monthly establishment survey, increased 7,000 to 4,728,200 in May. Major industries experiencing increases were Manufacturing, 3,700; Financial Activities, 2,200; Leisure & Hospitality Services, 1,700; Education & Health Services, 1,300; Construction, 1,200; Professional & Business Services, 1,200; Other Services, 1,000; and Information, 100. Major industries experiencing decreases were Trade, Transportation & Utilities, 4,300; and Government, 1,100. Mining & Logging employment remained unchanged.

#### Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates since May 2021

													May 2022
N.C.	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.4
U.S.	5.8	5.9	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.6	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.6

Please note: 2021 numbers have undergone annual revision

Since May 2021, Total Nonfarm jobs increased 165,300 with the Total Private sector increasing by 154,600 and Government increasing by 10,700. Major industries experiencing increases were Leisure & Hospitality Services, 43,500; Professional & Business Services, 43,300; Manufacturing, 15,600; Financial Activities, 14,500; Education & Health Services, 13,200; Government, 10,700; Trade, Transportation & Utilities, 9,600; Other Services, 7,500; Information, 5,400; and Construction, 2,200. The only major industry experiencing an over-the-year decrease was Mining & Logging, 200.

The next unemployment update is scheduled for Wednesday, June 29, 2022 when the county unemployment rates for May 2022 will be released.

These data can be accessed on the Commerce website at <a href="https://d4.nccommerce.com/">https://d4.nccommerce.com/</a>

# North Carolina Department of Commerce Labor and Economic Analysis Division

### NORTH CAROLINA and U.S. LABOR FORCE DATA

North Carolina data is embargoed until 10:00 A.M. Friday, June 17, 2022

				Month	_	Year Ago	
	May 2022	April 2022	May 2021	Numeric Change	Percent Change	Numeric Change	Percent Change
North Carolina		119111 2022					
(Local Area Unemployment S	tatistics)						
Smoothed Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	5,087,550	5,056,492	4,945,544	31,058	0.6	142,006	2.9
Employed	4,916,580	4,883,161	4,698,253	33,419	0.7	218,327	4.6
Unemployed	170,970	173,331	247,291	-2,361	-1.4	-76,321	-30.9
Unemployment Rate	3.4	3.4	5.0	0.0	xxx	-1.6	xxx
Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	5,137,361	5,101,667	4,934,701	35,694	0.7	202,660	4.1
Employed	4,949,923	4,926,437	4,679,784	23,486	0.5	270,139	5.8
Unemployed	187,438	175,230	254,917	12,208	7.0	-67,479	-26.5
Unemployment Rate	3.6	3.4	5.2	0.2	xxx	-1.6	XXX
United States							
(Current Population Survey)							
Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	164,376,000	164,046,000	160,801,000	330,000	0.2	XXX	XXX
Employed	158,426,000	158,105,000	151,550,000	321,000	0.2	xxx	XXX
Unemployed	5,950,000	5,941,000	9,251,000	9,000	0.2	xxx	XXX
Unemployment Rate	3.6	3.6	5.8	0.0	XXX	XXX	XXX
Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Labor Force	164,157,000	163,449,000	160,607,000	708,000	0.4	xxx	XXX
Employed	158,609,000	157,991,000	151,778,000	618,000	0.4	xxx	XXX
Unemployed	5,548,000	5,458,000	8,829,000	90,000	1.6	xxx	XXX
<b>Unemployment Rate</b>	3.4	3.3	5.5	0.1	xxx	xxx	xxx
Effective January 2022, undeted LIS population of							

Effective January 2022, updated US population estimates are used in the national labor force estimates. The annual population adjustments affect the comparability of national labor force estimates over time.

## North Carolina Department of Commerce Labor and Economic Analysis Division NORTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT DATA

North Carolina data is embargoed until 10:00 A.M. Friday, June 17, 2022

				Month Ago		Year Ago	
	15 0000	4 11 0000	15 0001	Numeric	Percent	Numeric	Percent
N A C P	May 2022	April 2022	May 2021	Change	Change	Change	Change
North Carolina	ation)						
(Current Employment Statis	sues)			Π			Т
Seasonally Adjusted	4 700 000	4 704 000	4 500 000	7.000	0.4	405.000	0.4
Total Nonfarm	4,728,200					165,300	
Total Private	4,010,900					154,600	
Mining & Logging	5,500			0	0.0	-200	
Construction	240,600			1,200	0.5	2,200	
Manufacturing	476,500					15,600	
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	899,200				-0.5	9,600	
Information	81,500	, , , , ,			0.1	5,400	7.
Financial Activities	285,900	283,700			0.8	14,500	5.3
Professional & Business Services	713,600	712,400	670,300	1,200	0.2	43,300	6.
Education & Health Services	643,800	642,500	630,600	1,300	0.2	13,200	2.
Leisure & Hospitality Services	496,200	494,500	452,700	1,700	0.3	43,500	9.0
Other Services	168,100	167,100	160,600	1,000	0.6	7,500	4.
Government	717,300	718,400	706,600	-1,100	-0.2	10,700	1.5
North Carolina							
(Current Employment Statis	stics)						
Not Seasonally Adjusted	4.750.000	4 704 400	4 507 500	04.000	0.4	404.000	
Total Nonfarm	4,752,300	4,731,100	4,587,500	21,200	0.4	164,800	
Total Private	4,013,000	3,990,300	3,859,700	22,700	0.6	153,300	
Mining & Logging	5,500	5,400	5,700	100	1.9	-200	
Construction	242,600	238,600	239,300	4,000	1.7	3,300	
Manufacturing	474,700	469,900	459,600	4,800	1.0	15,100	3.3
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	894,700	896,100	885,500	-1,400	-0.2	9,200	1.0
Information	81,600	81,900	76,500	-300	-0.4	5,100	6.
Financial Activities	285,200	282,000	271,000	3,200	1.1	14,200	5.:
Professional & Business Services	709,600	714,100	668,400	-4,500	-0.6	41,200	6.:
Education & Health Services	644,500	643,900	633,900	600	0.1	10,600	1.1
Leisure & Hospitality Services	505,600	491,800	458,400	13,800	2.8	47,200	10.
Other Services	169,000	166,600	161,400	2,400	1.4	7,600	4.
	739,300	740,800	727,800	-1,500	-0.2	11,500	1.0

#### **Accessing Data**

The data presented in this press release, as well as historical data, can be accessed from NC Commerce's Demand Driven Data Delivery ("D4") system:

https://d4.nccommerce.com/LausSelection.aspx https://d4.nccommerce.com/CesSelection.aspx

#### **Technical Notes**

This release presents labor force and unemployment estimates from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. Also presented are nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

#### Labor force and unemployment--from the LAUS program

Definitions. The labor force and unemployment estimates are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Employed persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as bad weather, labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. Unemployed persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on lay-off expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Method of estimation. Statewide estimates are produced using an estimation algorithm administered by the BLS. This method, which underwent substantial enhancement at the beginning of 2021, utilizes data from several sources, including the CPS, the CES, and state unemployment insurance (UI) programs. Each month, census division estimates are controlled to national totals, and state estimates are then controlled to their respective division totals. Substate estimates are controlled to their respective state totals. For more information about LAUS estimation procedures, see the BLS website at https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/lau/calculation.htm

Revisions. Labor force and unemployment data for the previous month reflect adjustments made in each subsequent month, while data for prior years reflect adjustments made at the end of each year. The monthly revisions incorporate updated model inputs, while the annually revised estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. In most years, historical data for the most recent five years (both seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted) are revised near the beginning of each calendar year, prior to the release of January estimates.

Seasonal adjustment. The LAUS program seasonally adjusts statewide estimates using an X-11 type of seasonal adjustment filter. These estimates are then smoothed using a filtering procedure to remove irregular fluctuations from the seasonally-adjusted series. For more information about seasonal adjustment and smoothing procedures, see the BLS website at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lauseas.htm">https://www.bls.gov/lau/lauseas.htm</a>.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations that were issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm">www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm</a>.

#### Employment--from the CES program

<u>Definitions.</u> Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previousmonth weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

For some employment series, relatively small sample sizes limit the reliability of the weighted link-relative estimates. In these cases, BLS uses the CES small domain model (SDM) to generate employment estimates. The SDM combines the direct sample estimates (described above) and forecasts of historical (benchmarked) data to decrease the volatility of the estimates. For more detailed information about the CES small domain model, refer to the BLS Handbook of Methods.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf.

Seasonal adjustment. Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted at the statewide supersector level. In some cases, the seasonally adjusted payroll employment total is computed by aggregating the independently adjusted supersector series. In other cases, the seasonally adjusted payroll employment total is independently adjusted. Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted concurrently, using all available estimates, including those for the current month, to develop sample-based seasonal factors. Concurrent sample-based factors are created every month for the current month's preliminary estimate as well as the previous month's final estimate.

#### Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used.

Model-based error measures for seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted data and for over-the-month and over-the-year changes to LAUS estimates are available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm">www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm</a>.

Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the total nonfarm and supersector levels are available online at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm">www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm</a>.

#### **Release Dates**

The next unemployment update is scheduled for Wednesday, June 29, 2022 when the county unemployment rates for May 2022 will be released.

The complete data release schedule for 2022 can be accessed here:

https://www.nccommerce.com/documents/release-dates-unemployment-rates